Engineering Fundamentals: part I Related to moist air and water

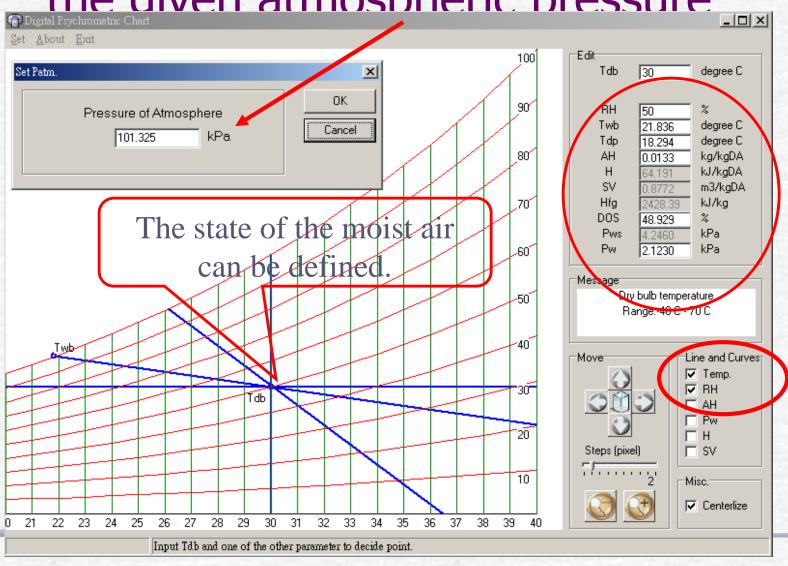
- 1. Thermodynamic properties of moist air
 - 1. State
 - 2. Process
- 2. Pad and Fan system
 - 1. Pad efficiency at various facing velocity
 - 2. Pad efficiency and pressure drop at various thickness
 - 3. Fan curves
- 3. Efficiency of the nozzle in misting/fogging system
- 4. Psychrometric related Tables generated by Psychart software

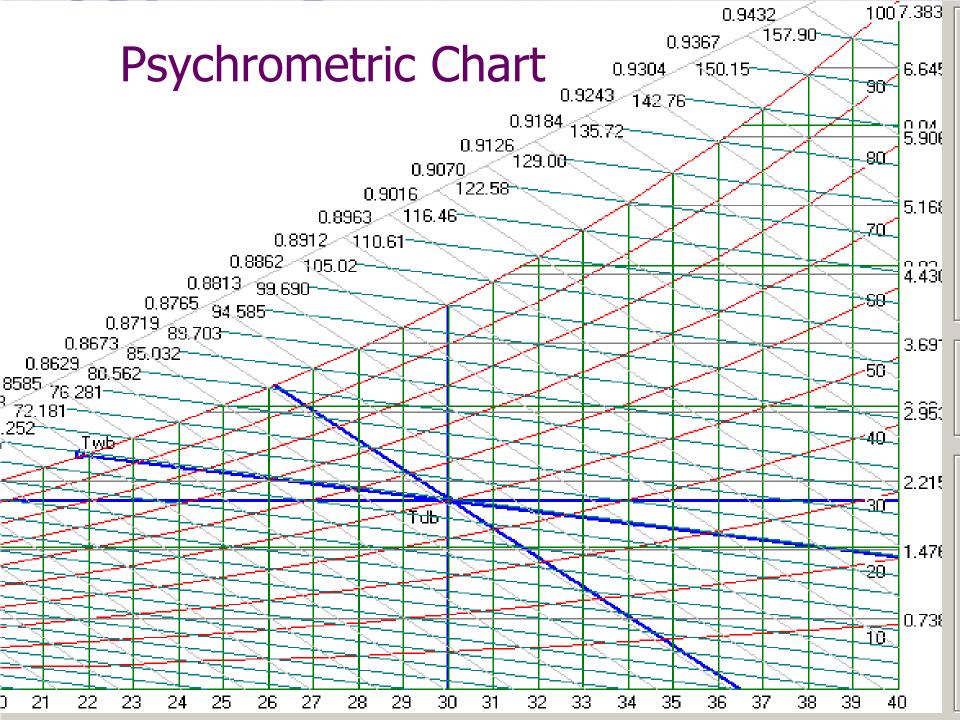
Thermodynamic properties of moist air

- 1. dry bulb T
- 2. wet bulb T
- 3. dew point T

- 4. relative humidity
- 5. absolute humidity (humidity ratio)
- 6. specific volume
- 7. enthalpy
- 8. vapor pressure
- 9. saturated vapor pressure

With 2 independent properties and the given atmospheric pressure

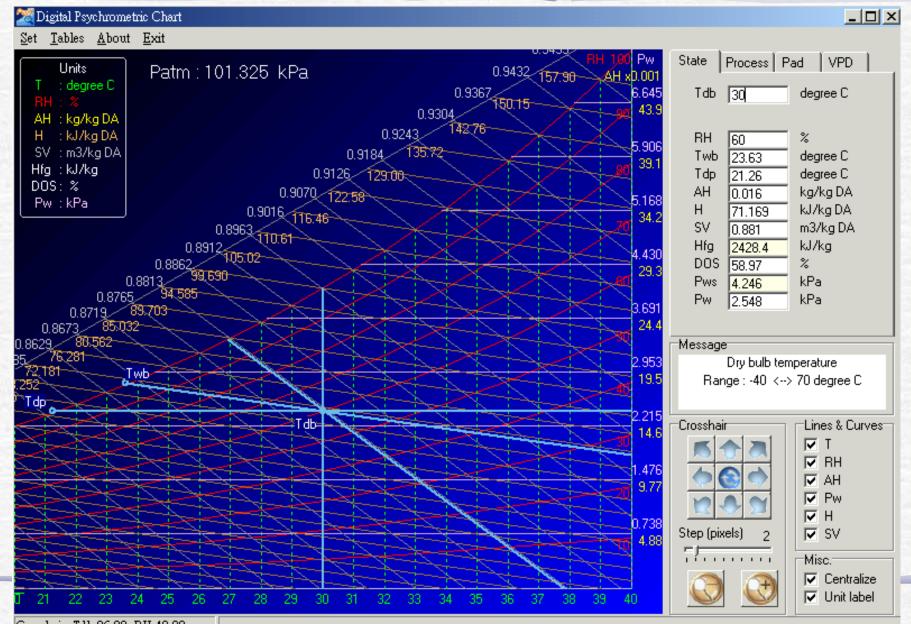




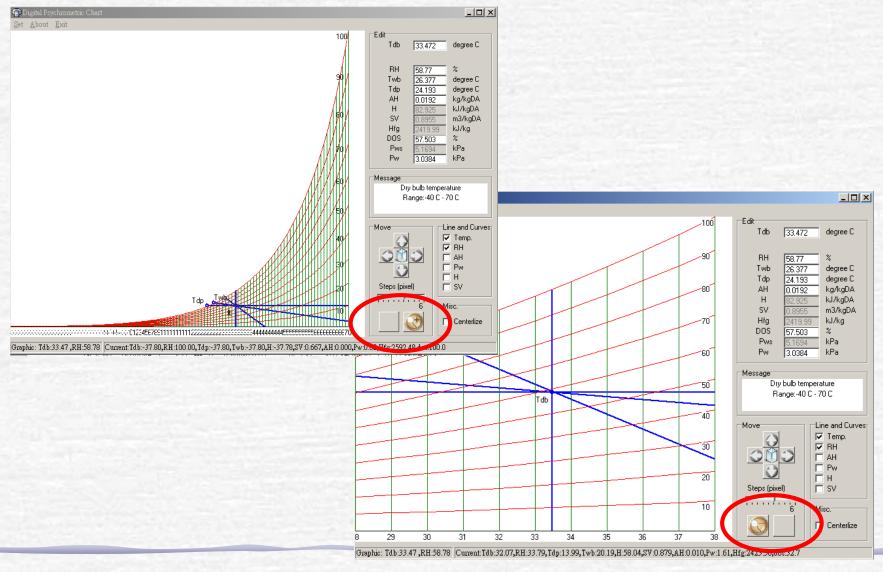
Independent Properties

	T_{wb}	rh	T_{dp}	AH	SV	Н	P _{ws}	h_{fg}	$P_{\rm v}$
T _{db} <	P	P	P	P	P	P	I	I	P
Twb		P	P	P	P	Ι	P	P	P
rh			P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Tdn				I	P	P	P	P	I
T _{dp} AH					P	P	P	P	I
SV						P	P	P	P
Н							P	P	P
P _{ws}								P	P
h_{fg}^{ws}									P

Digital Psychrometric Chart

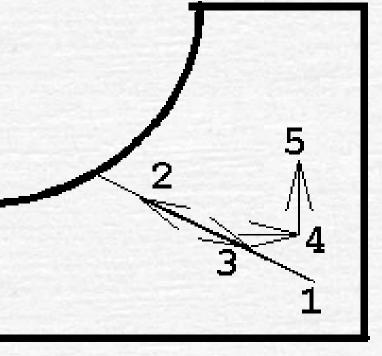


Zoom in & Zoom out

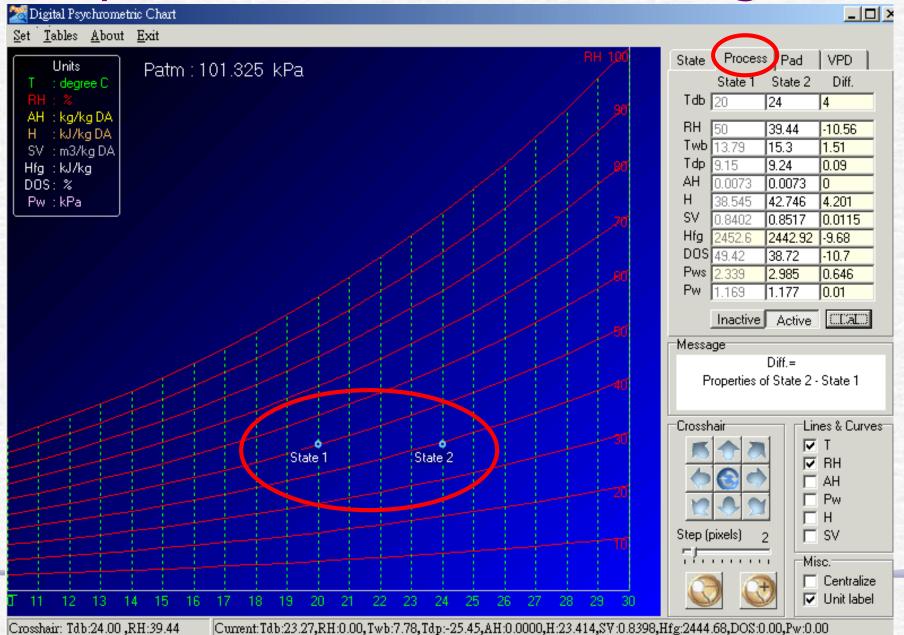


Process: between states

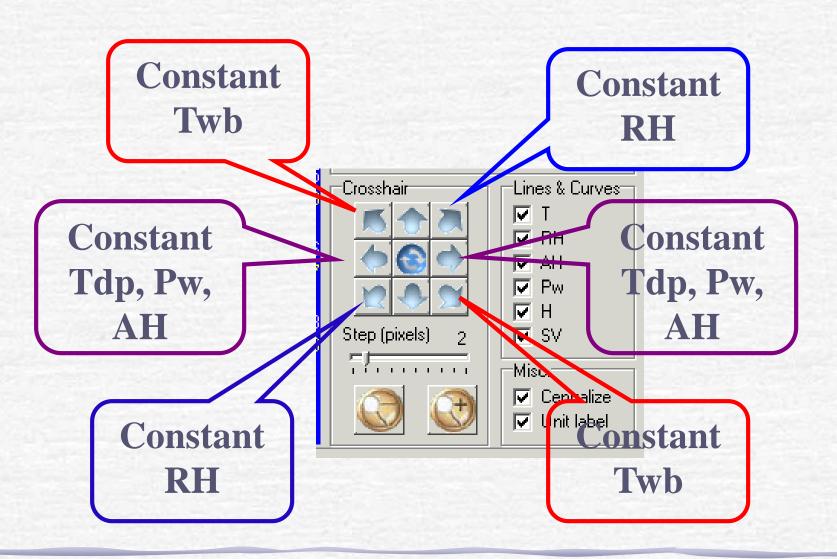
- Sensible Heating (3->4)
- Sensible Cooling (4->3)
- Humidification (4->5)
- Dehumidification (5->4)
- Heating (3->5, 3->1)
- Cooling (5->3, 1->3)
- Air Mixing (1, 2->3)
- Evaporative Cooling Drying (1->2, 1->3)
- Combination of above (1->2->3->4->5)



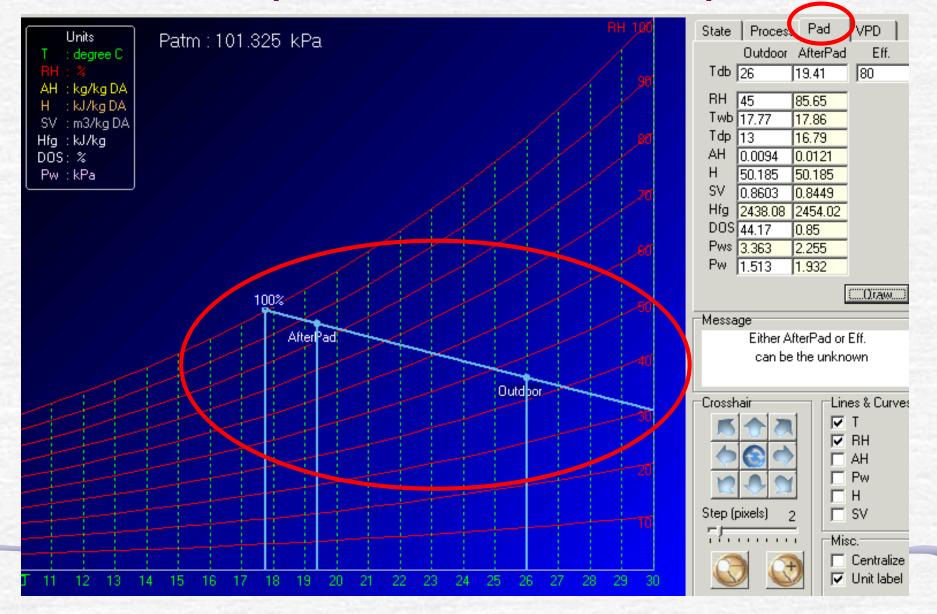
A process with sensible heat gain



Move along prefix lines & Curves



Efficiency of a Pad and Fan system



Pad efficiency at various facing velocity

$$Eff = 86.62 - 20.787 * V + 2.755 * V^2$$

Kool-Cel pad

$$Eff = 91.034 - 17.91 * V + 5.231 * V^2$$

CELdek pad

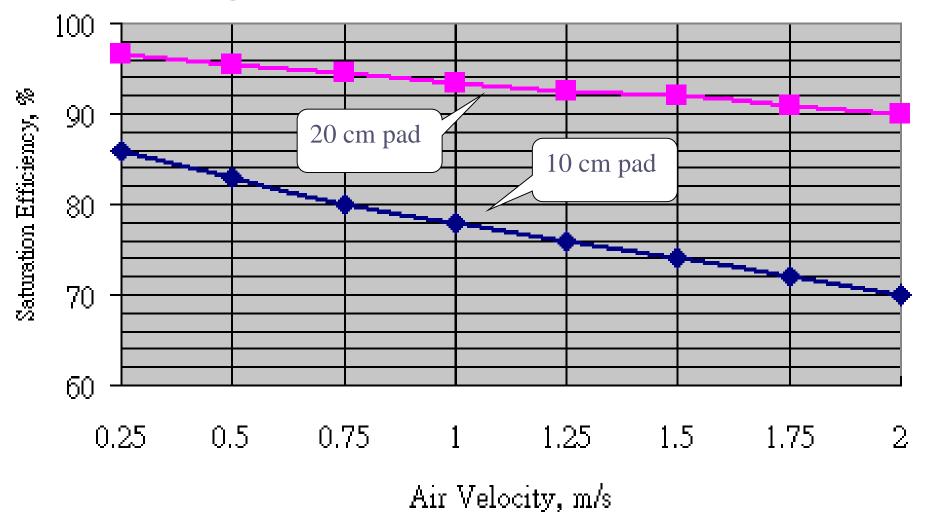
$$Eff = 76.055 + 2.909 * V - 17.414 * V^2$$

Excelsior pad

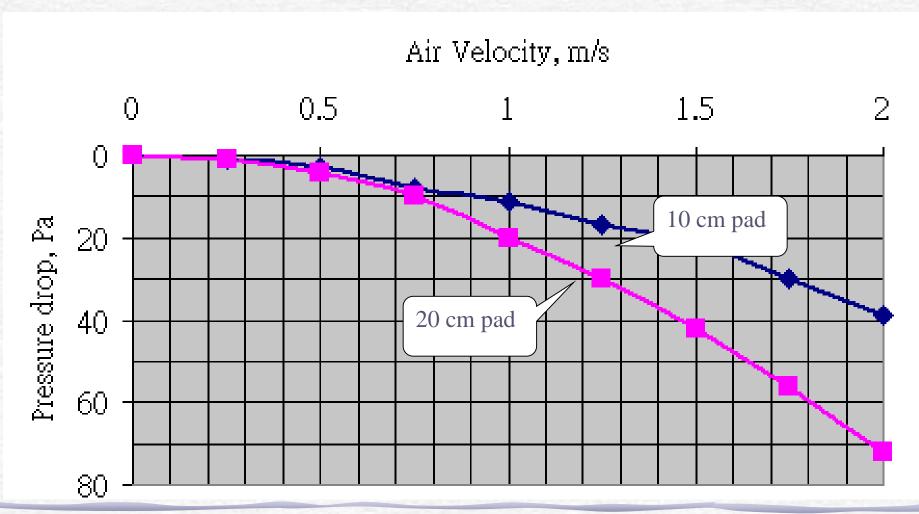
Trumbull, et al. (1986)

Thickness of the pads were not mentioned. 10 cm?

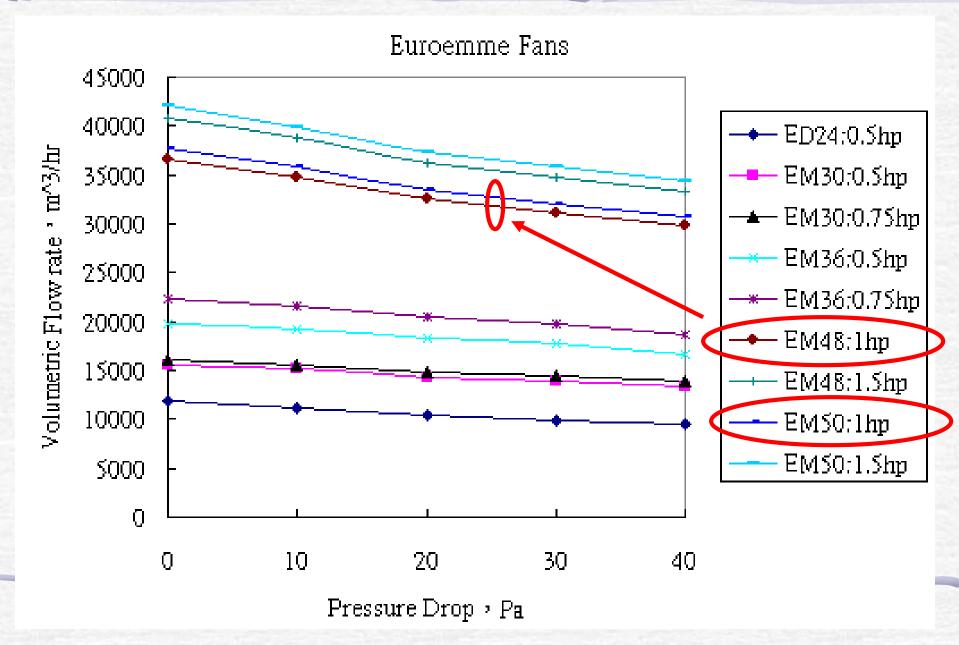
Pad efficiency at various facing velocity and thickness



Pressure drop at various facing velocity and pad thickness



Fan curves of various models of



Blow-off of water from the pad

- at 1 m/s for the Excelsior pad,
- at 1.6 m/s for the Kool-Cel pad and
- at 2 m/s for the CELdek pad

Trumbull, et al. (1986)

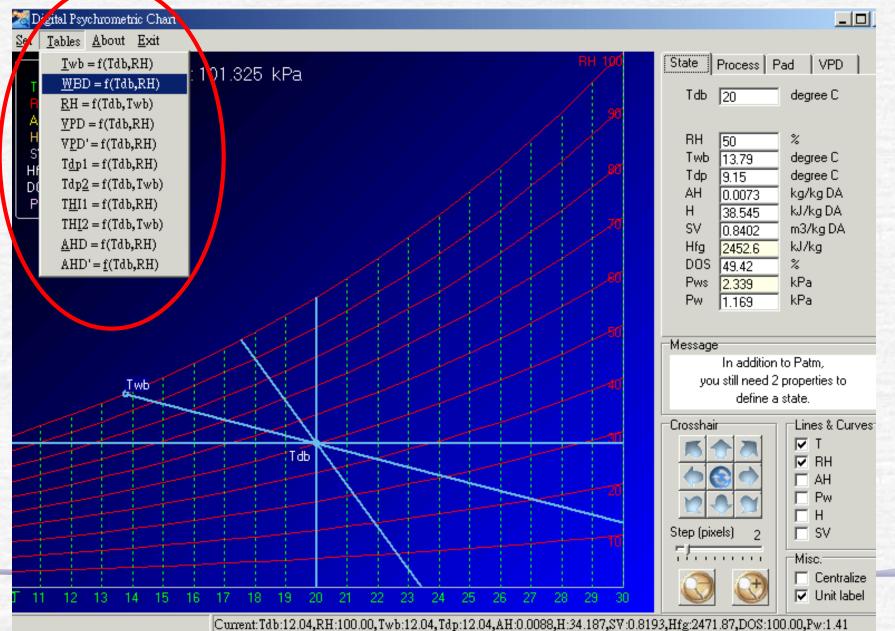
Efficiency of nozzle (misting/fogging system)

$$\beta = 0.124 + 1.35 * 10^{-4} * P$$
Bottcher et al. (1991)

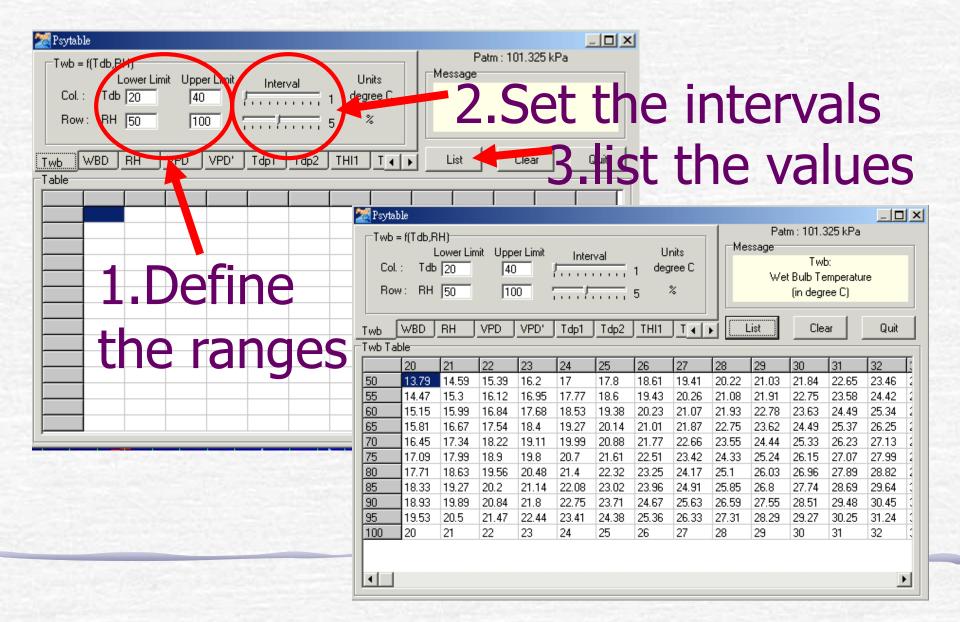
$$P = 64.888 \text{ ATM} \rightarrow \beta = 100\%$$

Considering some head loss and friction loss, 70 ATM (70 kg/cm²) was used in my research.

Handy Tables



User friendly 3-step design in PsyTable



Twb = f(Tdb, RH)

		20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
	50	13.79	15.39	17	10.01	20.22	21.04	20.40	25.00	20.13	20.30	30.04	31./	33.38
/ [55	14.47	16.12	17.77	19.43	21.08	22.75	24.42	26.09	27.78	2947	31.18	32.89	34.62
E	30	15.15	16.84	18.53	20.23	21.93	23.63	25.34	27.06	28.79	30.53	32.28	34.04	35.81
E	35	5.81	17.54	19.27	21.01	22.75	24.49	26.25	28.01	29.78	31.56	33.35	35.16	36.97
	70	6.45	18.22	19.99	21.77	23.55	2 33	27.1	28.93	30.74	32.56	34.39	36.24	38.09
	75	7 09	18.9	20.7	22.51	24.33	2 15	2 / .9:	9.83	31.67	33.53	35.4	37.28	39.17
8	30	7.7	19.56	21.4	23.25	25.1	26.96	28.82	30.7	32. 7 9	34.48	36.39	38.3	40.23
8	35	8.33	20.2	22.08	23.96	25.85	27.74	29.64	31.56	37.48	35.41	37.35	39.3	41.26
9	30	18.93	20.84	22.75	24.67	26.59	28.51	30.45	32.39	4 .35	36.31	38.28	40.27	42.26
1	35	19.53	21.47	23.41	25.36	27.31	29.27	31.24	33.21	35.2	37.19	39.2	41.21	43.24
1	100	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44

RH (50 - 100%) and Tdb $(20 - 44 \, {}^{\circ}\text{C})$

RH = f(Tdb,Twb)

	120	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
20	100	82.63	100.02) 57.01 ; 51.01	40.01	20.00	22	27.14	22.14	17.03	14.25	11.17	8.55
22	N/A	100	83.49	70.48	59.48	50.13	42.16	35.35	29.52	4 .52	20.24	16.57	13.42
24	I/A	N/A	100	84.34	71.84	61.18	52.06	44.23	37.49	31.69	26.69	22.38	18.67
26	1 1/A	N/A	N/A	100	85.17	73.11	62.75	53.83	46.12	39.45	33.68	28.67	24.34
28	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	85.98	74.3	64.21	55.45	47.85	41.24	35.49	30.48
30	NVA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	86.78	75.43	65.56	56.95	49.44	42.88	37.13
32	N /A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	87.56	76 49	66.81	58.33	50.89	44.36
34	N/A	N/A	/A	N /Δ	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	8/1.32	77.49	67.96	59.58	52.19
36	N/A	N/A	Α	N/Δ	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	00	89.03	78.39	68.99	60.68
38	1 /A	V/A	m/A	HAA -	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	89.67	79.18	69.87
40	N/A	N.A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	90.19	79.82
42	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	90.57
14	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N74	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100

Twb (20 – 44 °C) and Tdb (20 – 44 °C)

WBD = f(Tdb,RH)

	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
50	6.21	6.61	7	7.39	7.78	8.16	8.54	8.91	9.27	9.62	9.96	10.3	10.62
55	5.53	5.88	6.23	6.57	6.92	7.25	7.58	7.91	8.22	8.53	8.82	9.11	9.38
60	4.85	5.16	5.47	5.77	6.07	6.37	6.66	6.94	7.21	7.47	7.72	7.96	8.19
65	4.19	4.46	4.73	4.99	5.25	5.51	5.75	5.99	6.22	6.44	6.65	6.84	7.03
70	3.55	3.78	4.01	4.23	4,45	4.67	4.87	5.07	5.26	5.44	5.61	5.76	5.91
75	2.91	3.1	3.3	// //	3 57	.85	4.01	4.17	4.33	4.47	4.6	4.72	4.83
80	2.29	2.44	2.6	V.V		3.04	3.18	3.3	3.41	3.52	3.61	3.7	3.77
85	1.67	1.8	1.92	2.04	2.15	2.26	2.36	2.44	2.52	2.59	2.65	2.7	2.74
90	1.07	1.16	1.25	1.33	1.41	1.49	1.55	1.61	1.65	1.69	1.72	1.73	1.74
95	0.47	0.53	0.59	0.64	0.69	0.73	0.76	0.79	0.8	0.81	0.8	0.79	0.76
100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Wet Bulb Depression is the limit of evaporative cooling methods.

Evaporative cooling Methods

- Pad and Fan system
- Spraying
- Misting
- Fogging
- Multi-Net Fogging and Fan system